Product Name: Stearic Acid 92%

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RCT

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Safety Data Sheet

Stearic Acid 92%

IDENTIFICATION

Synonyms *n*-octadecanoic acid

CAS # 57-11-4 Europe EC # 200-313-4

Material Use lubricants, soaps, pharmaceuticals & others

EMERGENCY INFORMATION

In the U.S.A. Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 In Canada Call CANUTEC (collect) (613) 996-6666

II HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

GHS Class NOT HAZARDOUS

(Category)

Signal Words NONE

Hazard Statements NONE

GHS Precautionary Statements for Labelling NONE

III	COMPOSITION	CAS	%	TLV	$LD_{50} (mg/kg)$	LD_{50} (mg/kg)	LC ₅₀ ppm
111	COM OBITION	NUMBER		ppm / mg/m³	ORAL	SKIN	INHALATION
n-Octadecanoic Acid		57-11-4	92.0%	not listed	4600	>5000	1620

IV FIRST AID

SKIN: Brush off. Then wash with soap & plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Do not reuse until

thoroughly laundered. Seek medical help promptly if there is persistent itching or redness in the affected area.

EYES: Wash eyes with plenty of water, holding eyelids open. Seek medical assistance promptly if there is irritation.

INHALATION: Remove from contaminated area promptly. CAUTION: Rescuer must not endanger himself! If victim's

breathing stops, administer artificial respiration and seek medical aid promptly.

INGESTION: Give plenty of water to dilute product. Do not induce vomiting (NOTE below). Keep victim quiet. If vomiting

occurs, lower victim's head below hips to prevent inhalation of vomited material. Seek medical help promptly.

NOTE: Inadvertent inhalation of vomited material may seriously damage the lungs. The danger of this is greater than the risk of poisoning through absorption of this non-toxic product. The stomach should only be emptied under medical supervision, after the installation of an airway to protect the lungs.

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V FLAMMABILITY & FIRE-FIGHTING

Flash Point 196 °C/385 °F (closed cup)¹; 200 °C/392 °F (Cleveland open cup)¹

Autoignition Temperature 395 °C/743 °F, also 400 °C/752 °F¹

Flammable Limits not known

Combustion Products carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, irritating smoke & fumes, part oxidised hydrocarbon fragments as for an oil fire (*water fog, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical*); firefighters must wear SCBA

Static Discharge cannot accumulate a static charge; dust clouds may be flammable or explosive

VI ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak Precaution not applicable – *solid substance*

Handling Spill sweep, shovel & store in closed containers for disposal

VII HANDLING & STORAGE

Store and use in a cool environment away from oxidising agents and alkalis.

Stearic acid dust clouds are potentially flammable/explosive. Avoid generating product dust. If dust forms in processing, install adequate ventilation to clear workplace air. Avoid prolonged contact with skin and wash work clothes frequently. An eye bath and safety shower should be available near the workplace.

NOTE: Molten stearic acid is hotter than 70°C (160°F) and presents a burn hazard to exposed skin.

VIII EXPOSURE CONTROL & PERSONAL PROTECTION

ACGIH TLV not listed ACGIH STEL not listed OSHA PEL not listed OSHA STEL not listed

DNEL (Derived No Effect Levels)¹

Inhalation TLV Long term: 17.632 mg/kg bw/day
Dermal TLV Long Term: 10 mg/kg bw/day

Eye TLV Not Available

Ventilation no special mechanical ventilation required – stearic acid dust may be flammable or explosive; a spark or flame

may cause ignition; if dust clouds form during handling, exhaust ventilation should be installed to clear air

Hands no special protective gloves required

Eyes safety glasses with side shields – always protect eyes!

Clothing no special protective clothing required

IX PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

NOTE: for Flash Point, Autoignition Temp, & Flammable Limits see Part 5.

Odour & Appearance white to pale yellow crystals or powder with faint fatty odour

Odour Threshold not known – nearly odourless Vapour Pressure 1mmHg / 0.13kPa (174°C/ 345°F)

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) not known – not volatile Vapour Density (air = 1) $\sim 10 - theoretical value$

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Decomposition Temperature} & 360^{\circ}\mbox{C to } 380^{\circ}\mbox{C} \ / \ 680^{\circ}\mbox{C to } 716^{\circ}\mbox{F} \\ \mbox{Boiling Point} & 383^{\circ}\mbox{C to } 386^{\circ}\mbox{C} \ / \ 721^{\circ}\mbox{F to } 327^{\circ}\mbox{F}^{1} \\ \end{array}$

Melting Point 66°C / 151°F¹, also 69.6°C / 157°F & others

Specific Gravity 0.847 (70°C / 158°F)

Water Solubility 3milligrams/litre (20°C / 68°F)

- in other solvents ether, acetone, most hydrocarbons, carbon tetrachloride, hot ethanol

Log K_{oc} (Octanol/H₂O Partition Coefficient) 8.2¹

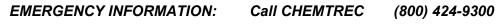
Viscosity 9.9centipoise (70°C / 158°F)

pH none – does not yield hydrogen ions in solution

Molecular Weight 278-286 grams per mole

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X REACTIVITY

Dangerously Reactive With strong oxidising agents, strong reducing agents

Chemical Stability stable; will not polymerize

Decomposes in Presence of ultraviolet light, slowly; no other decomposition triggers known

Decomposition Products short-chain aldehydes and ketones (irritating)

Mechanical Impact not sensitive

XI TOXICITY INFORMATION

i. ACUTE EXPOSURE

Skin Contact not irritating¹

Skin Absorption probably nil; no toxic effects likely by this route

Eye Contact not irritating¹
Inhalation little to no effect

Ingestion large quantities (>100g) may cause nausea & steatorrhea (fatty diarrhoea) – not aroute of

industrial exposure

ii. CHRONIC EXPOSURE

General no known effect Sensitising not a sensitiser¹

Carcinogen/Tumorigen not known to be a tumorigen or a carcinogen in humans or animals¹

Reproductive Effect no known effect on humans or animals¹

Mutagen not known to be a mutagen or teratogen in humans or animals¹

Synergistic With not known

 LD_{50} (oral) 4600, $>5000^{1}$, $>6000^{1}$ & >10,000 mg/kg (rat) – only one death recorded – in the 5000 mg/kg test

 LD_{50} (skin) $>2000^{1} \& >5000$ mg/kg (rabbit) – no mortality seen

 LC_{50} (inhalation) >1620mg/m³ (rat) – no mortality seen; octanoic acid tested

XII ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Bioaccumulation readily metabolised and will not bioaccumulate

Biodegradation biodegrades readily & rapidly in the presence of oxygen*; 72% - 95% in 28 days¹ reacts with atmospheric hydroxyl (OH) radicals; its estimated ½-life in air is 17 hours

Mobility in soil, water water insoluble; cannot move through soil and the water column

Marine Toxicity

LC₅₀ (Fish, 96hr) >10,000mg/litre (Leuciscus idus)² – no mortality seen

 LC_{50} (Crustacea, 48hr) > 32mg/litre (Daphnia magna)² – no mortality seen, >20mg/litre (Artemia salina)²

EC₅₀ (Algæ, 72 or 96hr) >0.9mg/litre (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)² – no toxicity observed

 LC_{10} (Microorganisms) >883mg/litre (Pseudomonas putida)² – considered to be the "toxicity threshold"

*NOTE: Stearic acid is insoluble in water. Biodegradation depends on good emulsification in the watery medium.

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DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS XIII

Waste Disposal do not flush to sewer; may be incinerated in approved facility with flue gas monitoring & scrubbing, mix

with a suitable flammable waste before incineration; may be landfilled if local regulations permit; depending

on the contaminants present, waste stearic acid may be used to manufacture biodiesel

Containers **Drums** should be reused. Recondition and pressure test by a licensed reconditioner prior to re-use.

> **IBCs** (intermediate bulk containers): polyethylene bottle must be pressure tested & recertified at 30 months. Replace at 60 months (5 years). Steel containers must be inspected, pressure tested & recertified every 5 years.

Warning: never cut, drill, weld or grind on or near this container, even if empty.

XIV TRANSPORT INFORMATION

USA 49 CFR & Canada TDG

Product Identification Number UN - not regulated for transport not regulated for transport Shipping Name Classification not regulated for transport Marine Pollution not a marine pollutant **ERAP** Required No

Reportable Quantity (RQ) none

$\mathbf{X}\mathbf{V}$ REGULATIONS

Canada DSL on inventory U.S.A. TSCA ACTIVE **Europe EINECS** on inventory

U.S.A. Regulations:

Allowable Tolerances: Residues of stearic acid are exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as a diluent in accordance with good agricultural practice as inert (or occasionally active) ingredients in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops or to raw agricultural commodities after harvest. Residues of stearic acid are exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as a lubricant, component animal tag in accordance with good agricultural practice as inert (or occasionally active) ingredients in pesticide formulations applied to animals.

FIFRA Requirements: Residues of stearic acid are exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as a lubricant, component animal tag in accordance with good agricultural practice as inert (or occasionally active) ingredients in pesticide formulations applied to animals. Residues of stearic acid are exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as a diluent in accordance with good agricultural practice as inert (or occasionally active) ingredients in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops or to raw agricultural commodities after harvest.

FDA Requirements: Substance added directly to human food affirmed as generally recognized as safe Stearic acid is an indirect food additive for use as a component of adhesives. Stearic acid is a food additive permitted for direct addition to food for human consumption, as long as 1) the quantity of the substance added to food does not exceed the amount reasonably required to accomplish its intended physical, nutritive, or other technical effect in food, and 2) any substance intended for use in or on food is of appropriate food grade and is prepared and handled as a food ingredient

SARA

Physical Hazards	Chemical Hazards			
□Explosive	☐Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)			
□Flammable	☐Skin corrosion or irritation			
□Oxidizer (liquid, solid or gas)	☐Serious eye damage or eye irritation			
□Self-reactive	☐Respiratory or skin sensitization			
□Pyrophoric (liquid or solid)	☐Germ cell mutagenicity			
□Pyrophoric Gas	☐ Carcinogenicity			
□Self-heating	☐Reproductive toxicity			
□Organic peroxide	☐ Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated ex.)			
□Corrosive to metal	☐Aspiration hazard			
☐Gas under pressure (compressed gas)	☐Simple Asphyxiant			
☐In contact with water emits flammable gas	☐ Hazard Not Otherwise Classified			
□Combustible Dust				
Hazard Not Otherwise Not Otherwise Class	sified			

PLEASEENSURETHATTHIS SDS IS GIVENTO, AND EXPLAINED TO PEOPLE USING THIS PRODUCE

EMERGENCY INFORMATION: Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300



Product Name: Stearic Acid 92%

XVI OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Preparation July 2011
Date of Revision January 2022

Prepared for Rierden Chemical & Trading Company, by Peter Bursztyn

With data from Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS - USA), Hazardous Substance Data Base (HSDB - USA), Cheminfo (CCOHS - Canada), OSHA website, European Chemicals Agency (EChA) dossiers & other sources (below if used), as required/available.

(1) European Chemicals Agency (EChA) dossier on stearic acid: http://echa.europa.eu/registration-dossier/-/registered-dossier/15163/1

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